LIBRARY DISTRICT NUMBER 1

Miami County, Kansas

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 31, 2019

LIBRARY DISTRICT NUMBER 1

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Library District Number 1 Miami County, Kansas

Report in the financial statement

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of Library District Number 1 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide as described in Note C to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Kansas; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note C of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Library District Number 1 to meet the requirements of the State of Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note C and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.



Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis of Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Library District Number 1 as of December 31, 2019, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the Library District Number 1 as of December 31, 2019, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note C.

Other Matters

Report on Regulatory Basis Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditure-actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1, and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note C.

Prior Year Comparative

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of Library District Number 1 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2019, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statement. The 2018 basic financial statements and accompanying report are not presented herein, but available in electronic form from the web site of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link http://admin.ks.gov/offices/oar/municipal-services. The 2018 actual column (2018 comparative information) presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures - actual and budget for the year ended December 31, 2019 (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement. Such 2018 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 basic financial statement. The 2018 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 basic financial statement or to the 2018 basic financial statements itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2018 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2018, on the basis of accounting described in Note C.

Harold K. Mayes Jr., CPA

Agler & Gaeddert, Chartered

Ottawa, Ks. March 13, 2020

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH

REGULATORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2019

Fund	Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balance	_	Receipts
Governmental Type Funds			
General fund	\$ 67,748	\$	720,588
Special Purpose Funds			
Employee Benefits	40,892		65,195
Capital Improvement fund	730,996		74,203
Gifts/Grants/Business fund	62,311	-	26,033
	\$ 901,947	\$	886,019

_	Expenditures		Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance		Add Outstanding Encumbrances and Accounts Payable		Ending Cash Balance
\$	723,278	\$	65,058	\$	42,828	\$	107,886
	84,148 9,365 7,090	<u>.</u>	21,939 795,834 81,254	-	3,821 263 0		25,760 796,097 81,254
\$:	823,881	\$	964,085	\$	46,912	\$.	1,010,997
Composition of cash and investments: Deposits at banks Checking account Money market aaccounts and Certificates of Deposit						\$	235,270 775,727
					•	\$	1,010,997

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2019

NOTE A. MUNICIPAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Library District Number 1, Miami County, Kansas (the District) is a municipality with tax levying authority in Miami County, Kansas. The governing body is a seven member Board of Trustees. The Library District Number 1 is a separately administered organization that is dependent on Miami County for the levy of the District's tax and appointment of the respective governing board. The District's financial statement includes the accounts and funds of all District operations.

Management of the District has evaluated other possible related municipal entities for inclusion in the financial statement and has determined there are no other related entities, which should be included in the District's financial statement.

NOTE B. REGULATORY BASIS FUND TYPES

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The District potential could have the following types of funds.

General Fund – the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Purpose Funds – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific revenues sources that are intended for specific purposes.

Bond and Interest Fund – used to account for the accumulation of resources, including tax levies, transfers from other funds and used to make payments of general long-term debt. The District did not have any funds of this type for the current year.

Capital Project Fund — used to account for the debt proceeds and other financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment. The District did not have any funds of this type for the current year.

Business Fund – funds financed in whole or part by fees charged to users of goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service funds etc.). The District did not have any funds of this type for the current year.

Trust Fund – funds used to report assets held in trust for the benefit of the municipal financial reporting entity (i.e. pension funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds which benefit the municipality reporting entity scholarship funds, etc.). The District did not have any funds of this type for the current year.

Agency Fund — funds used to report assets held by the municipal reporting entity in purely a custodial capacity (payroll clearing fund, county tax collection accounts, etc.). The District did not have any funds of this type for the current year.

NOTE C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America - The KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis revenues and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligations against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt assignment to a fund, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than mentioned above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2019

NOTE C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - continued

Library District Number 1 has approved a resolution that it is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a (c) waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the municipality to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

NOTE D. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits – Municipalities may use this line item for any budgeted fund. The adjustment would be a positive amount. All budget adjustments must be authorized by Kansas statutes. Examples include: expenditure of federal grant monies, gifts and donations, and receipts authorized by law to be spent as if they were reimbursed expenses.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting in which revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year-end.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirements is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing board.

NOTE E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the District. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the District's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the District is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the bank to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The District has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2019

NOTE E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - continued

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the District's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. Government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk - State statutes place no limit on the amount the District invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405. The District has no investments other than money markets.

Custodial credit risk – deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the District's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. There were no designated "peak periods" during the year. All bank deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2019.

At December 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's cash was \$1,010,997 and the bank balance was \$1059,587. The bank balance was held by four banks, which reduces concentration of credit risk. The difference between carrying amount and bank balance is outstanding checks and deposits. Of the bank balance, \$608,894 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$450,693 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agents in the District's name.

Custodial credit risk – investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments be adequately secured. The District had no such investments at year-end.

NOTE F. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers were as follows:

Transfers to	Transfers From	Statutory Authority	<u> </u>	Amount		
Capital Improvement	General Fund	K.S.A. 12-1258	\$	68,741		

NOTE G. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FROM OPERATIONS

Other Post Employment Benefits: As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the District allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the District is subsidizing the retiree's health insurance plan because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in this financial statement.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the District makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2019

NOTE G. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FROM OPEARTIONS - continued

Death and Disability Other Post-Employment Benefits: As provided by K.S.A. 74-4927, disabled members in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) receive long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefits. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. The employer contribution rate is set at 1% for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Compensated Absences: Library Direct will receive 10 days vacation after the person's 1st year anniversary, 15 days after the 3rd year anniversary, 17 days after the 15th year anniversary and 20 days after the 10th year anniversary. Full time employees (40 hours per week or more) will receive 5 days after the employee's 6-month anniversary date, 10 days after the employee's 3rd year anniversary date and 15 days after the 10th year anniversary date. Part-time employees will receive 5 days after the employee's 1st year anniversary date and 10 days after the employee's 3rd year anniversary date. Vacation is earned and credited on January 1st of each year and is available for use after March 31st. Vacation hours are not carried over if not used. Employees who resign in good standing and give proper notice of termination are entitled to receive payment for accrued vacation not yet taken.

Full-time employees are entitled to sick leave with pay for absence resulting from illness, injuries, accidents or other incapacities, occurring either on or off the job. No employee shall be permitted to use sick leave for any period spent on unauthorized leave. Full-time employees are entitled to sick leave with pay for physical examinations, dental work, mental of physical therapy, and other medically related treatment. Sick pay must be earned before it is taken and is earned each month at the rate of 4 hours per pay period. Sick leave may accrue to 208 hours or 26 working days. Accrued sick leave will not be paid if the employee leaves employment or is terminated.

There is no accrual for vacation or sick leave in these financial statements.

NOTE H. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description - The Library District Number 1 participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901. et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 S Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, Kansas 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions - KSA 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.89% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2019

NOTE H. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - continued

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2019, the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported to KPERS was \$197,574. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the District's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognized long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

NOTE I. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settlement of claims has not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

NOTE J. PROPERTY TAXES

In accordance with the governing statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the county. Property owners have the option of paying one half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1 of the ensuing year. At December 31, such taxes are a lien on the property.

NOTE K. LEASES

The District has an operational lease for a copier for a 60-month term starting August 24, 2016. Under this lease, the District paid \$4,445 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The District will pay the following amounts annually under the lease: \$4,445 for December 31, 2020 and \$2,593 for December 31, 2021.

NOTE L. OTHER INFORMATION

Ad Valorem Tax Revenue: The determination of assessed valuation and the collections of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The County Appraiser's office annually determines assessed valuation and the County Clerk spreads the annual assessment to the taxing units. One-half of the property taxes are due December 20 and distributed to the Library by January 20 to finance a portion of the current year's budget. The second half is due May 20 and distributed to the Library by June 5. The Library draws available funds from the County Treasurer's office at designated times throughout the year.

Reimbursed Expenses: The Library records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursement as revenue in the same fund. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the reimbursements are shown as adjustments for qualifying budget credits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2019

NOTE L. OTHER INFORMATION - continued

Compliance with Kansas Statutes: References made herein to the statutes are not intended as interpretations of law, but are offered for consideration of the State Director of Accounts and Reports and interpretation by the legal representative of the municipality. Management is not aware of any violations.

Subsequent Events: The District evaluated subsequent events through March 13, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events were identified which require disclosure.

REGULATORY BASIS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET

REGULATORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2019

Fund		Certified Budget
Governmental Type Funds	¢.	724 500
General fund	\$	724,500
Special Purpose Funds		
Employee Benefit		91,600

Schedule 1

_	Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits	 Total Budget for Comparison	 Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year	 Variance Over (Under)	
\$	0	\$ 724,500	\$ 723,277	\$ (1,223)	
	0	91,600	84,148	(7,452)	

Schedule 2a

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2019

						2019		
		2018 Actual	_	Actual		Budget		Variance Over (Under)
Cash Receipts	•	Actual	_	Hotaui	-	Duager	-	(0)
Ad Valorem Tax	\$	572,553	\$	618,014	\$	637,775	\$	(19,761)
Delinquent tax	•	10,425		11,416		0		11,416
Personal Property Tax		10,244		10,454		0		10,454
Motor Vehicle Tax		72,372		71,534		67,755		3,779
Recreational Vehicle tax		1,139		1,132		1,083		49
16/20M Vehicle tax		1,264		1,441		1,485		(44)
Commercial Motor Vehicle Tax		3,851		3,755		3,864		(109)
Water Craft Tax		0		0		446		(446)
Oil Tax		625		657		0		657
Gas Tax		344		585		0		585
Rental Excise Tax		7		20		0		20
Other Income		0	-	1,579	_	0	_	1,579
Total receipts		672,824	_	720,587	\$ _	712,408	\$ =	8,179
Expenditures								
Personnel Services		310,345		318,670	\$	724,500	\$	(405,830)
Collection Materials		54,158		56,571		0		56,571
Library Operation		76,789		116,923		0		116,923
Copier Lease		7,385		7,095		0		7,095
Education		2,778		5,370		0		5,370
Incentives/awards		2,497		1,186		0		1,186
Programs		48,157		46,932		0		46932
Technology		45,114		74,470		0		74,470
Inter-library Loans		2,529		2,176		0		2,176
Miscellaneous		420		701		0		701
Public Relations		10,207		12,039		0		12,039
Travel		9,228		12,403		0		12,403
Operating transfers out		78,873		68,741	-	0		68,741
Total expenditures		648,480		723,277	\$ =	724,500	\$:	(1,223)
Receipts over (under) expenditures		24,344		(2,690)				
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		43,404		67,748	i			
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	67,748	\$	65,058	l			

Schedule 2b

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2019

				2019				
	_	2018 Actual	_	Actual	-	Budget	_	Variance Over (Under)
Cash Receipts								
Ad Valorem Tax	\$	68,556	\$	53,460	\$	55,111	\$	(1,651)
Delinquent tax		1,487		1,371		0		1,371
Personal Property Tax		1,228		907		0		907
Motor Vehicle Tax		10,442		8,565		8,108		457
Recreational Vehicle tax		166		136		130		6
16/20M Vehicle tax		222		196		178		18
Commercial Motor Vehicle Tax		532		450		462		(12)
Water Craft Tax		0		0		53		(53)
Oil Tax		75		57		0		57
Gas Tax		41		51		0		51
Rental Excise Tax		11	_	2	-	0	_	2
Total receipts		82,750	_	65,195	\$ _	64,042	\$ _	1,153
Expenditures								
Health Insurance		28,888		30,733	\$	91,600	\$	(60,867)
KPERS		26,228		27,835		0		27,835
Payroll Taxes - employer share		23,254		24,380		0		24,380
Workmen's Compensation Insurance		1,200	-	1,200	-	0		1,200
Total expenditures		79,570		84,148	\$.	91,600	\$:	(7,452)
Receipts over (under) expenditures		3,180		(18,953)				
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		37,712		40,892				
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	40,892	\$	21,939				

Schedule 2c

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2019

		2018 Actual		2019 Actual
Cash Receipts				
Gifts	\$	0	\$	1,223
Interest		0		4,239
Operating transfers in from general fund	_	63,435	_	68,741
Total receipts	_	63,435	-	74,203
Expenditures		0		0.265
Capital Improvements	-	0	-	9,365
Total expenditures	_	0	-	9,365
Receipts over (under) expenditures		63,435		64,838
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	_	667,561	_	730,996
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ _	730,996	\$ =	795,834

Schedule 2d

GIFTS/GRANTS/BUSINESS FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2019

		2018		2019
		Actual	_	Actual
Cash Receipts				
Copies, Fines Book Sales and Printing	\$	7,967	\$	8,053
Gifts		4,650		12,276
Grants		6,290		3,974
Interest income		1,410		1,730
Transfers in	-	15,438	_	0
Total receipts	_	35,755	_	26,033
Expenditures				
Summer Blessings/Rural Gateways		7,073	-	7,090
Total expenditures		7,073	_	7,090
Receipts over (under) expenditures		28,682		18,943
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	_	33,629	_	62,311
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ _	62,311	\$ _	81,254